



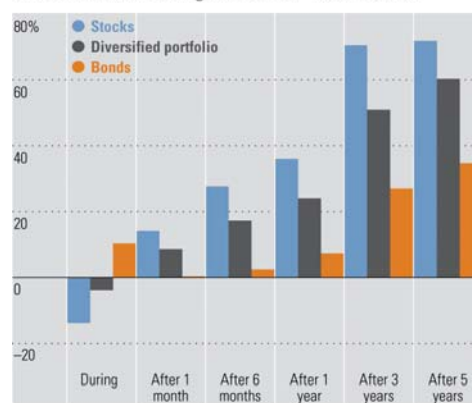
THE COMPASS CHRONICLE

After the Storm

Severe market declines can scare investors into selling at the worst possible time: when prices are at their lowest. Sticking with your investment strategy through tough times requires careful planning and discipline, but it is more likely to pay off in the long run.

The image illustrates the average performance of stocks, bonds, and a diversified portfolio during and after four U.S. recessions. During recessions, stocks performed the worst and bonds the best, while the diversified portfolio offered a middle ground. However, after the recessions and in the long run, stocks provided the highest returns, followed by the diversified portfolio; bonds did not measure up. There are two lessons here: 1) Since you cannot know for certain when the market will bottom out, if you are invested, stay invested, and 2) Diversify in order to reduce downside risk.

Performance During and After Recessions



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any investment. Recession data is from National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER). The average cumulative returns are calculated from the end of each of the longest four recessions in U.S. history (1929-2008). The four recession periods considered herein as defined by the NBER are as follows: Aug. '29 - Mar. '33; May '37 - June '38; Nov. '73 - Mar. '75; and July '81 - Nov. '82. The recession that began in December 2007 is still occurring and is not included in the analysis. The diversified portfolio consists of 60% stocks and 40% bonds, and is always rebalanced. Please keep in mind that diversification does not eliminate the risk of experiencing investment losses.

Source: Stocks are represented by the Standard & Poor's 500®, which is an unmanaged group of securities and considered to be representative of the stock market in general, and bonds by the 20-year U.S. government bond. Government bonds are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government as to the timely payment of principal and interest, while stocks are not guaranteed and have been more volatile than bonds. An investment cannot be made directly in an index. The data assumes reinvestment of income and does not account for taxes or transaction costs.

Advisor Corner



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I pride myself in offering you expert financial advice along with personalized service. Assisting you in reaching your financial goals is my business and I take that responsibility very seriously.

As an objective and independent fee-only wealth manager, my sole interest is to ensure my recommendations meet your financial goals.

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